

INVERTER FR-D700

INSTALLATION GUIDELINE

FR-D720-008 to 318-NA

FR-D740-012 to 160-NA

FR-D720S-008 to 100-NA

FR-D710W-008 to 042-NA

Thank you for choosing this Mitsubishi Inverter.

Please read through this Installation Guideline and the CD-ROM enclosed to operate this inverter correctly.

Do not use this product until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions.

Please forward this Installation Guideline and the CD-ROM to the end user.

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- *Instruction Manual [IB(NA)-0600368ENG]*
- *Safety stop function instruction manual [BCN-A211508-000]*

These manuals are required if you are going to utilize functions and performance.

This Installation Guideline provides handling information and precautions for use of the equipment.
Please forward this Installation Guideline to the end user.

This section is specifically about safety matters

Do not attempt to install, operate, maintain or inspect the inverter until you have read through the Installation Guideline and appended documents carefully and can use the equipment correctly. Do not use this product until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions.

In this Installation Guideline, the safety instruction levels are classified into "WARNING" and "CAUTION".

WARNING

Incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

CAUTION

Incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight injury, or may cause only material damage.

The **CAUTION** level may even lead to a serious consequence according to conditions. Both instruction levels must be followed because these are important to personal safety.

1. Electric Shock Prevention

WARNING

- While power is ON or when the inverter is running, do not open the front cover. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not run the inverter with the front cover or wiring cover removed. Otherwise you may access the exposed high-voltage terminals or the charging part of the circuitry and get an electric shock.
- Even if power is OFF, do not remove the front cover except for wiring or periodic inspection. You may accidentally touch the charged inverter circuits and get an electric shock.
- Before wiring or inspection, power must be switched OFF. To confirm that, LED indication of the operation panel must be checked. (It must be OFF) Any person who is involved in wiring or inspection shall wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. The capacitor is charged with high voltage for some time after power OFF, and it is dangerous.
- This inverter must be earthed (grounded). Earthing (grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical code (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards). A neutral-point earthed (grounded) power supply for 400V class inverter in compliance with EN standard must be used.
- Any person who is involved in wiring or inspection of this equipment shall be fully competent to do the work.
- The inverter must be installed before wiring. Otherwise you may get an electric shock or be injured.
- Setting dial and key operations must be performed with dry hands to prevent an electric shock. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not change the cooling fan while power is ON. It is dangerous to change the cooling fan while power is ON.
- Do not touch the printed circuit board or handle the cables with wet hands. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- When measuring the main circuit capacitor capacity, the DC voltage is applied to the motor for 1s at powering OFF. Never touch the motor terminal, etc. right after powering OFF to prevent an electric shock.

2. Fire Prevention

CAUTION

- Inverter must be installed on a nonflammable wall without holes (so that nobody touches the inverter heatsink on the rear side, etc.). Mounting it to or near flammable material can cause a fire.
- If the inverter has become faulty, the inverter power must be switched OFF. A continuous flow of large current could cause a fire.
- When using a brake resistor, a sequence that will turn OFF power when a fault signal is output must be configured. Otherwise the brake resistor may overheat due to damage of the brake transistor and possibly cause a fire.
- Do not connect a resistor directly to the DC terminals P/+ and N-. Doing so could cause a fire.

3. Injury Prevention

CAUTION

- The voltage applied to each terminal must be the ones specified in the Instruction Manual. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- The cables must be connected to the correct terminals. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Polarity must be correct. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- While power is ON or for some time after power-OFF, do not touch the inverter since the inverter will be extremely hot. Doing so can cause burns.

4. Additional Instructions

Also the following points must be noted to prevent an accidental failure, injury, electric shock, etc.

(1) Transportation and mounting

CAUTION

- The product must be transported in correct method that corresponds to the weight. Failure to do so may lead to injuries.
- Do not stack the boxes containing inverters higher than the number recommended.
- The product must be installed to the position where withstands the weight of the product according to the information in the Instruction Manual.
- Do not install or operate the inverter if it is damaged or has parts missing.
- When carrying the inverter, do not hold it by the front cover or setting dial; it may fall off or fail.
- Do not stand or rest heavy objects on the product.
- The inverter mounting orientation must be correct.
- Foreign conductive objects must be prevented from entering the inverter. That includes screws and metal fragments or other flammable substance such as oil.
- As the inverter is a precision instrument, do not drop or subject it to impact.
- The inverter must be used under the following environment: Otherwise the inverter may be damaged.

Surrounding air temperature	-10°C to +50°C (14°F to 122°F) (non-freezing)
Ambient humidity	90%RH or less (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-20°C to +65°C *1 (-4°F to 149°F)
Atmosphere	Indoors (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt)
Altitude/ vibration	Maximum 1000m (3280.80feet) above sea level for standard operation. After that derate by 3% for every extra 500m (1640.40feet) up to 2500m (8202feet) (91%). 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)

*1 Temperature applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.

(2) Wiring

CAUTION

- Do not install a power factor correction capacitor or surge suppressor/capacitor type filter on the inverter output side. These devices on the inverter output side may be overheated or burn out.
- The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor affects the rotation direction of the motor.

(3) Trial run

CAUTION

- Before starting operation, each parameter must be confirmed and adjusted. A failure to do so may cause some machines to make unexpected motions.

(4) Usage

WARNING

- Any person must stay away from the equipment when the retry function is set as it will restart suddenly after trip.
- Since pressing  key may not stop output depending on the function setting status, separate circuit and switch that make an emergency stop (power OFF, mechanical brake operation for emergency stop, etc.) must be provided.
- OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter alarm with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.
- The inverter must be used for three-phase induction motors. Connection of any other electrical equipment to the inverter output may damage the equipment.
- Do not modify the equipment.
- Do not perform parts removal which is not instructed in this manual. Doing so may lead to fault or damage of the product.

CAUTION

- The electronic thermal relay function does not guarantee protection of the motor from overheating. It is recommended to install both an external thermal and PTC thermistor for overheat protection.
- Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter. Otherwise the life of the inverter decreases.
- The effect of electromagnetic interference must be reduced by using an EMC filter or by other means. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
- Appropriate measures must be taken to suppress harmonics. Otherwise power supply harmonics from the inverter may heat/damage the power factor correction capacitor and generator.
- When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, the motor must be an insulation-enhanced motor or measures must be taken to suppress surge voltage. Surge voltage attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor.
- When parameter clear or all parameter clear is performed, the required parameters must be set again before starting operations because all parameters return to the initial value.
- The inverter can be easily set for high-speed operation. Before changing its setting, the performances of the motor and machine must be fully examined.
- Stop status cannot be held by the inverter's brake function. In addition to the inverter's brake function, a holding device must be installed to ensure safety.
- Before running an inverter which had been stored for a long period, inspection and test operation must be performed.
- Static electricity in your body must be discharged before you touch the product. Otherwise the product may be damaged.
- If you are installing the inverter to drive a three-phase device while you are contracted for lighting and power service, consult your electric power supplier.

(5) Emergency stop

CAUTION

- A safety backup such as an emergency brake must be provided to prevent hazardous condition to the machine and equipment in case of inverter failure.
- When the breaker on the inverter input side trips, the wiring must be checked for fault (short circuit), and internal parts of the inverter for a damage, etc. The cause of the trip must be identified and removed before turning ON the power of the breaker.
- When any protective function is activated, appropriate corrective action must be taken, and the inverter must be reset before resuming operation.

(6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement

CAUTION

- Do not carry out a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of the inverter. It will cause a failure.

(7) Disposal

CAUTION

- The inverter must be treated as industrial waste.

General instruction

Many of the diagrams and drawings in this Installation Guideline show the inverter without a cover or partially open for explanation. Never operate the inverter in this manner. The cover must be always reinstalled and the instruction in this Installation Guideline must be followed when operating the inverter.

1 PRODUCT CHECKING AND PARTS IDENTIFICATION

Unpack the inverter and check the capacity plate on the front cover and the rating plate on the inverter side face to ensure that the product agrees with your order and the inverter is intact.

●Inverter model

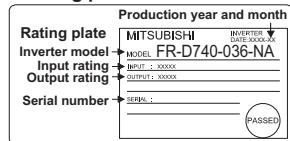
FR - **D740** - **036** - NA

Symbol	Voltage class
D720	Three-phase 200V class
D740	Three-phase 400V class
D720S	Single-phase 200V class
D710W	Single-phase 100V class

Represents the rated current

Capacity plate FR-D740-036-NA XXXXX
Inverter model Serial number

●Rating plate



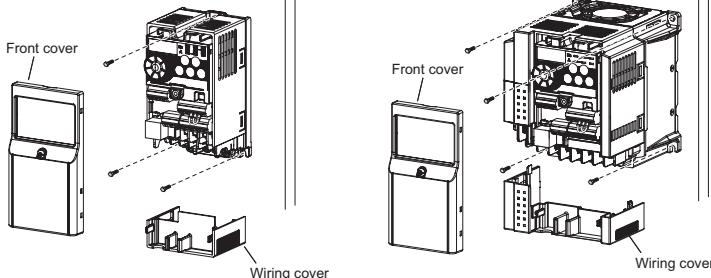
● Installation of the inverter

Enclosure surface mounting

Remove the front cover and wiring cover to mount the inverter to the surface.

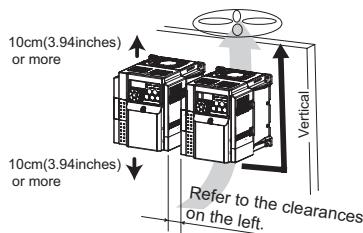
- FR-D720-008 to 042
- FR-D720S-008 to 042
- FR-D710W-008 to 025

- FR-D720-070 or higher
- FR-D740-012 or higher
- FR-D720S-070, 100
- FR-D710W-042



Note

- When encasing multiple inverters, install them in parallel as a cooling measure.
- When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C (104°F) or less, the inverters can be installed without any clearance between them (0cm (0 inches) clearance). When surrounding air temperature exceeds 40°C (104°F), clearances between the inverters should be 1cm (0.39inches) or more (5cm (1.96inches) or more for the FR-D720-238 and FR-D740-120 or higher).
- Install the inverter vertically.



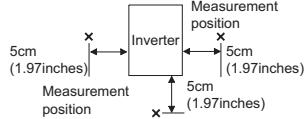
PRODUCT CHECKING AND PARTS IDENTIFICATION

● General Precaution

The bus capacitor discharge time is 10 minutes. Before starting wiring or inspection, switch power OFF, wait for more than 10 minutes, and check for residual voltage between terminal P/+ and N/- with a meter etc., to avoid a hazard of electrical shock.

● Environment

Before installation, check that the environment meets the following specifications.

Surrounding air temperature	-10°C to +50°C (14°F to 122°F) (non-freezing)	
Ambient humidity	90% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Storage temperature	-20°C to +65°C (-4°F to 149°F) (Temperature applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.)	
Ambience	Indoors (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt)	
Altitude, vibration	Maximum 1000m (3280.80feet) above sea level for standard operation. After that derate by 3% for every extra 500m (1640.40feet) up to 2500m (8202feet) (91%). 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)	



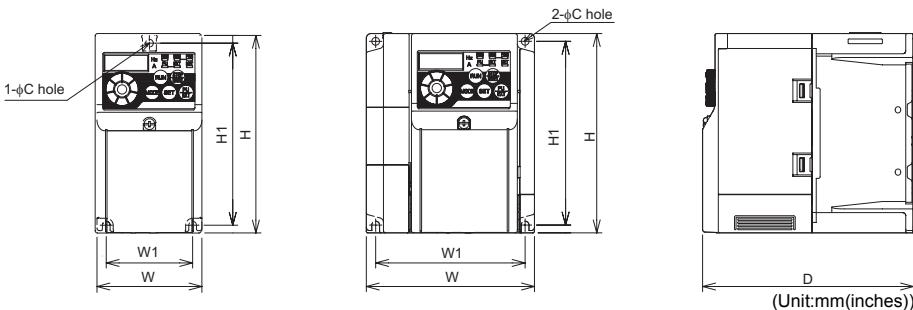
Note

- Install the inverter on a strong surface securely and vertically with bolts.
- Leave enough clearances and take cooling measures.
- Avoid places where the inverter is subjected to direct sunlight, high temperature and high humidity.
- Install the inverter on a nonflammable wall surface.

2 OUTLINE DIMENSION DRAWINGS

- FR-D720-008 to 042
- FR-D720S-008 to 042
- FR-D710W-008 to 025

- FR-D720-070 to 318
- FR-D740-012 to 160
- FR-D720S-070, 100
- FR-D710W-042



• Three-phase 200V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	H	H1	D	C
FR-D720-008	68(2.68)	56(2.20)	128(5.04)	118(4.65)	80.5(3.17)	5(0.20)
FR-D720-014					112.5(4.43)	
FR-D720-025					132.5(5.22)	
FR-D720-042					135.5(5.34)	
FR-D720-070					142.5(5.61)	
FR-D720-100					155(6.10)	
FR-D720-165	170(6.69)	158(6.22)				
FR-D720-238	220(8.66)	208(8.19)	150(5.91)	138(5.43)	155(6.10)	
FR-D720-318						

• Three-phase 400V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	H	H1	D	C
FR-D740-012	108(4.25)	96(3.78)	128(5.04)	118(4.65)	129.5(5.10)	5(0.20)
FR-D740-022					135.5(5.34)	
FR-D740-036					155.5(6.12)	
FR-D740-050					165.5(6.52)	
FR-D740-080						
FR-D740-120					155(6.10)	
FR-D740-160	220(8.66)	208(8.19)	150(5.91)	138(5.43)		

• Single-phase 200V class

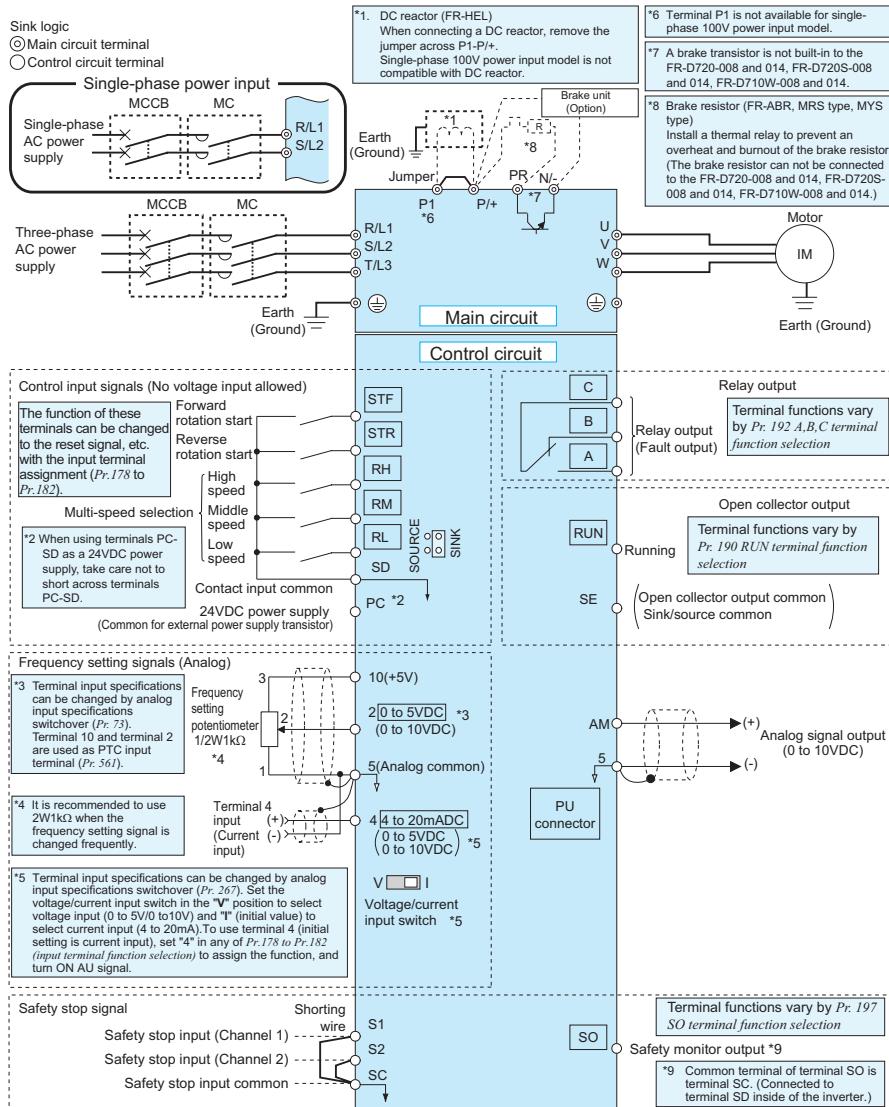
Inverter Model	W	W1	H	H1	D	C
FR-D720S-008	68(2.68)	56(2.20)	128(5.04)	118(4.65)	80.5(3.17)	5(0.20)
FR-D720S-014					142.5(5.61)	
FR-D720S-025					162.5(6.40)	
FR-D720S-042					155.5(6.12)	
FR-D720S-070					145(5.71)	
FR-D720S-100	140(5.51)	128(5.04)	150(5.91)	138(5.43)		

• Single-phase 100V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	H	H1	D	C
FR-D710W-008	68(2.68)	56(2.20)	128(5.04)	118(4.65)	80.5(3.17)	5(0.20)
FR-D710W-014					110.5(4.35)	
FR-D710W-025					142.5(5.61)	
FR-D710W-042					149.5(5.89)	

3 WIRING

3.1 Terminal connection diagram



NOTE

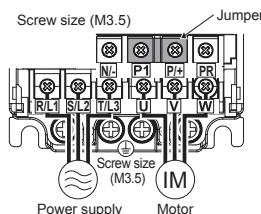
- To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm (3.93inch) from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.
- After wiring, wire cut-offs must not be left in the inverter. Wire cut-offs can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- The output of the single-phase power input model is three-phase 200V.

3.2 Main circuit terminal specifications

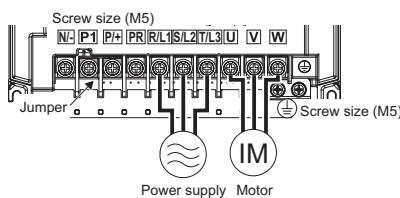
3.2.1 Terminal arrangement of the main circuit terminal, power supply and the motor wiring

● Three-phase 200V class

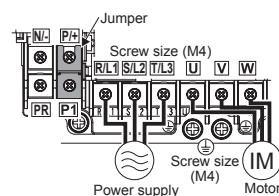
FR-D720-008 to 042



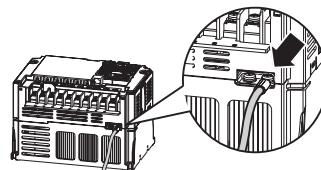
FR-D720-238, 318



FR-D720-070 to 165

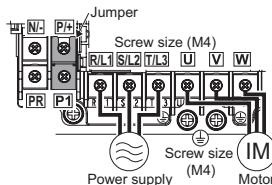


* For wiring to earth (ground) terminals of FR-D720-238 and 318, use earthing cable wiring space (marked with an arrow) to route the wires.

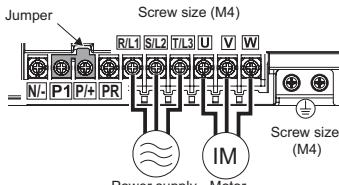


● Three-phase 400V class

FR-D740-012 to 080

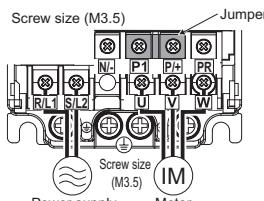


FR-D740-120, 160

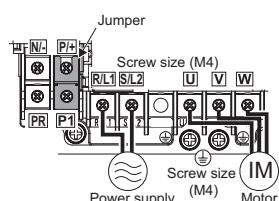


● Single-phase 200V class

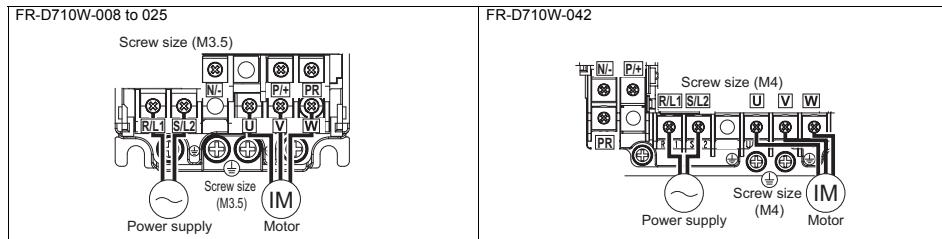
FR-D720S-012 to 080



FR-D720S-120, 160



● Single-phase 100V class



NOTE

- Make sure the power cables are connected to the R/L1, S/L2, T/L3. (Phase need not be matched.) Never connect the power cable to the U, V, W of the inverter. Doing so will damage the inverter.
- Connect the motor to U, V, W. Turning ON the forward rotation switch (signal) at this time rotates the motor counterclockwise when viewed from the load shaft.

3.2.2 Cables and wiring length

(1) Cable size and other specifications of the main circuit terminals and the earthing terminal

Select the recommended cable size to ensure that a voltage drop will be 2% or less.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.

The following table indicates a selection example for the wiring length of 20m (65.61feet).

Three-phase 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

Applicable Inverter Model	Terminal Screw Size ^{*4}	Tightening Torque N·m	Crimping Terminal			Cable Size						
			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*1}			AWG ^{*2}			PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*3}			
			R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable
FR-D720-008 to 042	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-D720-070 and 100	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-D720-165	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4
FR-D720-238	M5	2.5	5.5-5	5.5-5	5.5	5.5	5.5	10	10	6	6	6
FR-D720-318	M5	2.5	14-5	8-5	14	8	5.5	6	8	16	10	6

Three-phase 400V class (when input power supply is 440V)

Applicable Inverter Model	Terminal Screw Size ^{*4}	Tightening Torque N·m	Crimping Terminal			Cable Size						
			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*1}			AWG ^{*2}			PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*3}			
			R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable
FR-D740-012 to 080	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-D740-120	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	3.5	12	14	4	2.5	4
FR-D740-160	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4

Single-phase 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

Applicable Inverter Model	Terminal Screw Size ^{*4}	Tightening Torque N·m	Crimping Terminal			Cable Size						
			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*1}			AWG ^{*2}			PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*3}			
			R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable
FR-D720S-008 to 042	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-D720S-070	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-D720S-100	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	3.5	12	14	4	2.5	4

Single-phase 100V class (when input power supply is 100V)

Applicable Inverter Model	Terminal Screw Size ^{*4}	Tightening Torque N·m	Crimping Terminal			Cable Size						
			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*1}			AWG ^{*2}			PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) ^{*3}			
			R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing (ground) cable
FR-D710W-008 to 025	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-D710W-042	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	2	12	14	4	2.5	2.5

*1 The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C (167°F). Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C (122°F) or less and the wiring distance is 20m (65.61feet) or less.

*2 The recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHW cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C (167°F). Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C (104°F) or less and the wiring distance is 20m (65.61feet) or less. (Selection example for use mainly in the United States.)

*3 The recommended cable size is that of the cable (PVC cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 70°C (158°F). Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C (104°F) or less and the wiring distance is 20m (65.61feet) or less. (Selection example for use mainly in Europe.)

*4 The terminal screw size indicates the terminal size for R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, PR, P+, N-, P1 and a screw for earthing (grounding). (For single-phase power input, the terminal screw size indicates the size of terminal screw for R/L1, S/L2, U, V, W, PR, P+, N-, P1 and a screw for earthing (grounding).)

**NOTE**

- Tighten the terminal screw to the specified torque. A screw that has been tighten too loosely can cause a short circuit or malfunction. A screw that has been tighten too tightly can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to the unit breakage.
- Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.

The line voltage drop can be calculated by the following formula:

$$\text{Line voltage drop [V]} = \frac{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[\text{m}\Omega/\text{m}] \times \text{wiring distance}[\text{m}] \times \text{current}[\text{A}]}{1000}$$

Use a larger diameter cable when the wiring distance is long or when it is desired to decrease the voltage drop (torque reduction) in the low speed range.

(2) Total wiring length

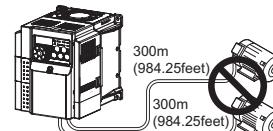
The overall wiring length for connection of a single motor or multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.
100V, 200V class

Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection setting (carrier frequency)	008	014	025	042	070 or Higher
1 (1kHz) or less	200m (656.19 feet)	200m (656.19 feet)	300m (984.25 feet)	500m (1640.42 feet)	500m (1640.42 feet)
2 to15 (2kHz to 14.5kHz)	30m (98.42 feet)	100m (328.08 feet)	200m (656.19 feet)	300m (984.25 feet)	500m (1640.42 feet)

400V class

Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection setting (carrier frequency)	012	022	036	050	080 or Higher
1 (1kHz) or less	200m (656.19 feet)	200m (656.19 feet)	300m (984.25 feet)	500m (1640.42 feet)	500m (1640.42 feet)
2 to15 (2kHz to 14.5kHz)	30m (98.42 feet)	100m (328.08 feet)	200m (656.19 feet)	300m (984.25 feet)	500m (1640.42 feet)

Total wiring length (FR-D720-070 or higher, FR-D720S-070 or higher, FR-D740-080 or higher)



300m(984.25feet) + 300m(984.25feet)
= 600m(1968.50feet)

When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. Take the following measures 1) or 2) in this case.

- 1) Use a "400V class inverter-driven insulation-enhanced motor" and set frequency in *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* according to wiring length.

	Wiring Length		
	50m(164.04feet) or less	50m(164.04feet) to 100m(328.08feet)	Exceeding 100m(323.08feet)
Carrier frequency	14.5kHz or less	8kHz or less	2kHz or less

- 2) Connect the surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) on the inverter output side.



NOTE

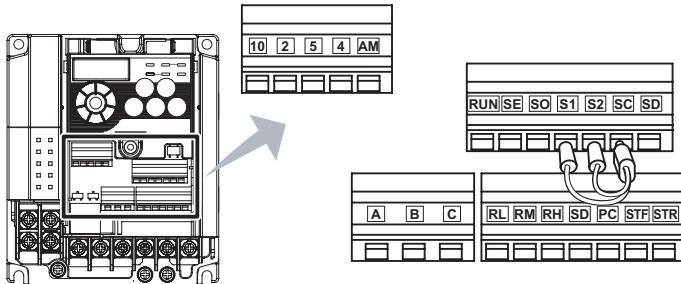
- Especially for long-distance wiring, the inverter may be affected by a charging current caused by the stray capacitances of the wiring, leading to a malfunction of the overcurrent protective function, fast response current limit function, or stall prevention function or a malfunction or fault of the equipment connected on the inverter output side. If malfunction of fast-response current limit function occurs, disable this function. If malfunction of stall prevention function occurs, increase the stall level. ( Refer to *Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level* and *Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation selection* in *Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual*)
-  Refer to *Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual* for details of *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection*. Refer to the manual of the option for details of surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H).
- When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with wiring length exceeding below, select without frequency search (*Pr. 162 = "1, 11"*). ( Refer to *Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual*)

Motor capacity (kW(HP))	0.1K(1/8)	0.2K(1/4)	0.4K(1/2)
Wiring length	20m(65.61feet)	50m(164.04feet)	100m(323.08feet)

3.3 Control circuit specifications

(1) Control circuit terminal layout

Recommended wire size:
0.3mm² to 0.75mm²



(2) Wiring method

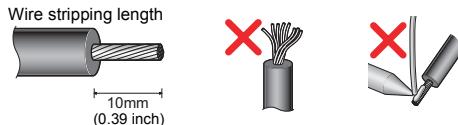
●Wiring

Use a blade terminal and a wire with a sheath stripped off for the control circuit wiring. For a single wire, strip off the sheath of the wire and apply directly.

Insert the blade terminal or the single wire into a socket of the terminal.

1) Strip off the sheath about the length below. If the length of the sheath peeled is too long, a short circuit may occur among neighboring wires. If the length is too short, wires might come off.

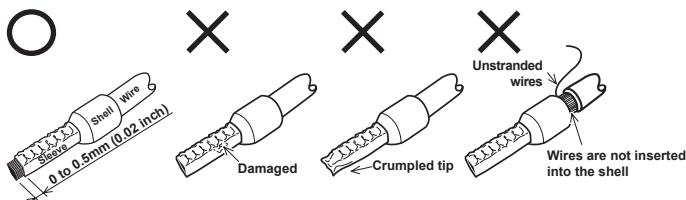
Wire the stripped wire after twisting it to prevent it from becoming loose. In addition, do not solder it.



2) Crimp the blade terminal.

Insert wires to a blade terminal, and check that the wires come out for about 0 to 0.5 mm (0.02 inch) from a sleeve.

Check the condition of the blade terminal after crimping. Do not use a blade terminal of which the crimping is inappropriate, or the face is damaged.



Blade terminals available on the market: (as of January 2010)

●Phoenix Contact Co.,Ltd.

Wire Size (mm ²)	Blade Terminal Model			Crimping Tool Name
	With Insulation Sleeve	Without Insulation Sleeve	for UL wire *1	
0.3	AI 0.5-10WH	—	—	CRIMPFOX 6
0.5	AI 0.5-10WH	—	AI 0.5-10WH-GB	
0.75	AI 0.75-10GY	A 0.75-10	AI 0.75-10GY-GB	
1	AI 1-10RD	A 1-10	AI 1-10RD/1000GB	
1.25, 1.5	AI 1.5-10BK	A 1.5-10	AI 1.5-10BK/1000GB *2	
0.75 (for two cables)	AI-TWIN 2 X 0.75-10GY	—	—	

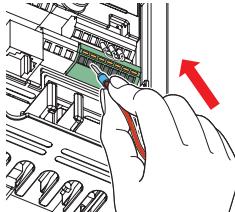
*1 A blade terminal with an insulation sleeve compatible with MTW wire which has a thick wire insulation

*2 Applicable for terminal ABC.

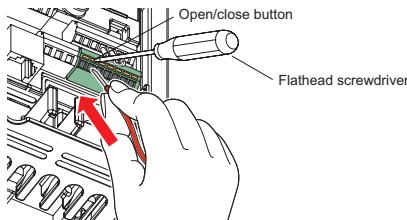
●NICHIFU Co.,Ltd.

Wire Size (mm ²)	Blade terminal product number	Insulation product number	Crimping tool product number
0.3 to 0.75	BT 0.75-11	VC 0.75	NH 69

3) Insert the wire into a socket.



When using a single wire or stranded wire without a blade terminal, push an open/close button all the way down with a flathead screw driver, and insert the wire.

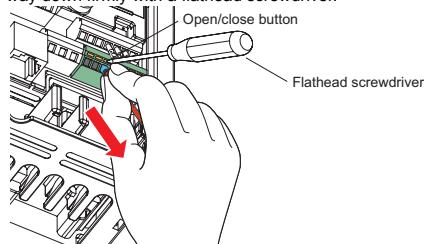


Note

- When using a stranded wire without a blade terminal, twist enough to avoid short circuit with a nearby terminals or wires.
- Place the flathead screwdriver vertical to the open/close button. In case the blade tip slips, it may cause damage of inverter or injury.

● Wire removal

Pull the wire with pushing the open/close button all the way down firmly with a flathead screwdriver.



Note

- Pulling out the terminal block forcefully without pushing the open/close button all the way down may damage the terminal block.
- Use a small flathead screwdriver (Tip thickness: 0.4mm (0.02 inch)/tip width: 2.5mm (0.10 inch)).
- If a flathead screwdriver with a narrow tip is used, terminal block may be damaged.

Introduced products : (as of Oct. 2008)

Product	Type	Manufacturer
Flathead screwdriver	SZF 0-0.4 x 2.5	Phoenix Contact Co.,Ltd.

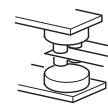
- Place the flathead screwdriver vertical to the open/close button. In case the blade tip slips, it may cause to damage of inverter or injury.

(3) Wiring instructions

- Terminals SD, SE and 5 are common to the I/O signals. Do not earth (ground) them.
- It is recommended to use the cables of 0.3mm^2 to 0.75mm^2 gauge for connection to the control circuit terminals.
- The maximum wiring length should be 30m (98.43feet).
- Do not short across terminals PC and SD. Inverter may be damaged.
- Use two or more parallel micro-signal contacts or twin contacts to prevent contact faults when using contact inputs since the control circuit input signals are micro-currents.
- Use shielded or twisted cables for connection to the control circuit terminals and run them away from the main and power circuits (including the 200V relay sequence circuit).
- Do not apply a voltage to the contact input terminals (e.g. STF) of the control circuit.
- Always apply a voltage to the fault output terminals (A, B, C) via a relay coil, lamp, etc.



Micro signal contacts



Twin contacts

4 PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF THE INVERTER

The FR-D700 series is a highly reliable product, but using incorrect peripheral circuits or incorrect operation/handling methods may shorten the product life or damage the product.

Before starting operation, always recheck the following items.

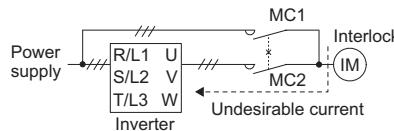
- (1) Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.**
- (2) Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Never perform such wiring.**
- (3) After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.**
Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean.
When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- (4) Use cables of the appropriate size to make a voltage drop of 2% or less.**
If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.
Refer to *page 7* for the recommended wire sizes.
- (5) The total wiring length should be within the prescribed length.**
Especially for long distance wiring, the fast-response current limit function may decrease, or the equipment connected to the output side may malfunction. This is caused by a charging current due to the stray capacity of the wiring. Therefore, note the overall wiring length. (*Refer to page 9*)
- (6) Electromagnetic wave interference**
The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, install the FR-BIF optional capacitor type filter (for use in the input side only) or FR-BSF01 line noise filter to minimize interference.
- (7) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side.**
This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected, immediately remove them. When using capacitor type filter (FR-BIF) for a single-phase power input model, make sure of secure insulation of T-phase, and connect to the input side of the inverter.
- (8) For some short time after the power is switched off, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor.**
When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is no more than 30VDC using a tester.
- (9) A short circuit or earth (ground) fault on the inverter output side may damage the inverter modules.**
 - Fully check the insulation resistance of the circuit prior to inverter operation since repeated short circuits may damage the inverter modules. These short circuits may be caused by peripheral circuit inadequacy, an earth (ground) fault caused by wiring inadequacy, or reduced motor insulation resistance.
 - Fully check the to-earth (ground) insulation and phase to phase insulation of the inverter output side before power-on. Especially for an old motor or use in a hostile atmosphere, securely check the motor insulation resistance etc.
- (10) Do not use the inverter input side magnetic contactor to start/stop the inverter.**
Since repeated inrush currents at power ON will shorten the life of the converter circuit (switching life is about 1,000,000 times), frequent starts and stops of the MC must be avoided. Always use the start signal (turn ON/OFF STF, STR signal) to start/stop the inverter.
- (11) Across P/+ and PR terminals, connect only the brake resistor.**
The brake resistor cannot be connected to the FR-D720-008 and 014, FR-D720S-008 and 014, FR-D710W-008 and 014. Do not connect a mechanical brake.
Leave terminals P/+ and PR open. Also, never short between P/+ and PR.

(12) Do not apply a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits.

Application of a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits or opposite polarity may damage the I/O devices. Especially check the wiring to prevent the speed setting potentiometer from being connected incorrectly to short terminals 10-5.

(13) Provide electrical and mechanical interlocks for MC1 and MC2 which are used for bypass operation.

When the wiring is incorrect and if there is a bypass operation circuit as shown right, the inverter will be damaged when the power supply is connected to the inverter U, V, W terminals, due to arcs generated at the time of switch-over or chattering caused by a sequence error.

**(14) If the machine must not be restarted when power is restored after a power failure, provide a magnetic contactor in the inverter's input side and also make up a sequence which will not switch ON the start signal.**

If the start signal (start switch) remains ON after a power failure, the inverter will automatically restart as soon as the power is restored.

(15) Inverter input side magnetic contactor (MC)

On the inverter input side, connect a MC for the following purposes. (Refer to the Instruction Manual.)

- 1) To release the inverter from the power supply when a fault occurs or when the drive is not functioning (e.g. emergency stop operation). For example, MC avoids overheat or burnout of the brake resistor when heat capacity of the resistor is insufficient or brake regenerative transistor is damaged with short while connecting an optional brake resistor.
- 2) To prevent any accident due to an automatic restart at restoration of power after an inverter stop made by a power failure
- 3) To separate the inverter from the power supply to ensure safe maintenance and inspection work.

If using an MC for emergency stop during operation, select an MC regarding the inverter input side current as JEM1038-AC-3 class rated current.

(16) Handling of inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned ON while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it ON/OFF after the inverter and motor have stopped.

(17) Countermeasures against inverter-generated EMI

If electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter is causing frequency setting signal to fluctuate and motor rotation speed to be unstable when changing motor speed with analog signal, following countermeasures are effective.

- Do not run the signal cables and power cables (inverter I/O cables) in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
- Run signal cables as far away as possible from power cables (inverter I/O cables).
- Use shield cables as signal cables.
- Install a ferrite core on the signal cable (Example: ZCAT3035-1330 TDK).

(18) Instructions for overload operation

When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current (up to 2 rank larger in capacity).

(19) Make sure that the specifications and rating match the system requirements.

5 FAILSAFE OF THE SYSTEM WHICH USES THE INVERTER

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips to output a fault signal. However, a fault output signal may not be output at an inverter fault occurrence when the detection circuit or output circuit fails, etc. Although Mitsubishi assures best quality products, provide an interlock which uses inverter status output signals to prevent accidents such as damage to machine when the inverter fails for some reason and at the same time consider the system configuration where failsafe from outside the inverter, without using the inverter, is enabled even if the inverter fails.

(1) Interlock method which uses the inverter status output signals

By combining the inverter status output signals to provide an interlock as shown below, an inverter alarm can be detected.

No.	Interlock Method	Check Method	Used Signals	Refer to Page
1)	Inverter protective function operation	Operation check of an alarm contact Circuit error detection by negative logic	Fault output signal (ALM signal)	<i>Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual.</i>
2)	Inverter running status	Operation ready signal check	Operation ready signal (RY signal)	<i>Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual.</i>
3)	Inverter running status	Logic check of the start signal and running signal	Start signal (STF signal, STR signal) Running signal (RUN signal)	<i>Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual.</i>
4)	Inverter running status	Logic check of the start signal and output current	Start signal (STF signal, STR signal) Output current detection signal (Y12 signal)	<i>Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual.</i>

(2) Backup method outside the inverter

Even if the interlock is provided by the inverter status signal, enough failsafe is not ensured depending on the failure status of the inverter itself. For example, even if the interlock is provided using the inverter fault output signal, start signal and RUN signal output, there is a case where a fault output signal is not output and RUN signal is kept output even if an inverter fault occurs.

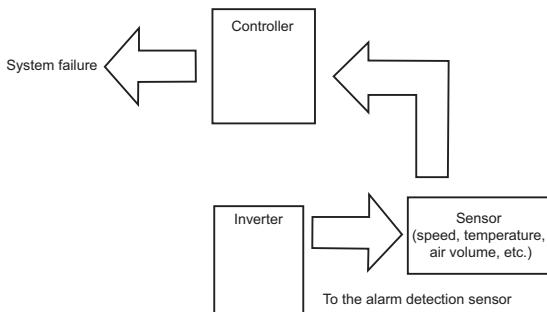
Provide a speed detector to detect the motor speed and current detector to detect the motor current and consider the backup system such as checking up as below according to the level of importance of the system.

1) Start signal and actual operation check

Check the motor running and motor current while the start signal is input to the inverter by comparing the start signal to the inverter and detected speed of the speed detector or detected current of the current detector. Note that the motor current runs as the motor is running for the period until the motor stops since the inverter starts decelerating even if the start signal turns OFF. For the logic check, configure a sequence considering the inverter deceleration time. In addition, it is recommended to check the three-phase current when using the current detector.

2) Command speed and actual operation check

Check if there is no gap between the actual speed and commanded speed by comparing the inverter speed command and detected speed of the speed detector.



6 PARAMETER LIST

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from the operation panel. For details of parameters, refer to the *Instruction Manual*.

REMARKS

-  indicates simple mode parameters.
- The parameters surrounded by a black border in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in *Pr. 77 Parameter write selection*.

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
◎ 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	6/4/3% *1
◎ 1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	120Hz
◎ 2	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0Hz
◎ 3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
◎ 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
◎ 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	30Hz
◎ 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	10Hz
◎ 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600s	5/10s *2
◎ 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600s	5/10s *2
◎ 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	Rated inverter current
10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	3Hz
11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.5s
12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	6/4% *3
13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.5Hz
14	Load pattern selection	0 to 3	0
15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	5Hz
16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.5s
17	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	0
18	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz	120Hz
19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	9999
20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	60Hz
22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	150%
23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	9999
24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2	0
30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	0
31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0
40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	0
41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	10%
42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	6Hz
43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	5/10s *2
45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600s, 9999	9999
46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	9999
47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 200%, 9999	9999
51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999	9999
52	DU/PU main display data selection	0, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 20, 23 to 25, 52 to 55, 61, 62, 64, 100	0
55	Frequency monitoring reference	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	Rated inverter current

PARAMETER LIST

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	9999
58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	1s
59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	0
60	Energy saving control selection	0, 9	0
65	Retry selection	0 to 5	0
66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
67	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	0
68	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 600s	1s
69	Retry count display erase	0	0
70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 to 30%	0%
71	Applied motor	0, 1, 3, 13, 23, 40, 43, 50, 53	0
72	PWM frequency selection	0 to 15	1
73	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1
74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1
75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	0 to 3, 14 to 17	14
77	Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	0
78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	0
⑦ 79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	0
80	Motor capacity	0.1 to 7.5kW, 9999	9999
82	Motor excitation current	0 to 500A, 9999	9999
83	Rated motor voltage	0 to 1000V	200V/ 400V ^{±5}
84	Rated motor frequency	10 to 120Hz	60Hz
90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50Ω, 9999	9999
96	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 11, 21	0
117	PU communication station number	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	0
118	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	192
119	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1
120	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	2
121	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1
122	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	9999
123	PU communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	9999
124	PU communication CR/LF selection	0, 1, 2	1
⑦ 125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
⑦ 126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
127	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
128	PID action selection	0, 20, 21, 40 to 43	0

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
129	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	100%
130	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s, 9999	1s
131	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999	9999
132	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	9999
133	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	9999
134	PID differential time	0.01 to 10.0s, 9999	9999
145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1
146	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.		
150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	150%
151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0s
152	Zero current detection level	0 to 200%	5%
153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.5s
156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	0
157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0s
158	AM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52, 53, 61, 62	1
⑦ 160	Extended function display selection	0, 9999	0
161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	0
162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1
165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	150%
166	Output current detection signal retention time	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s
167	Output current detection operation selection	0, 1	0
168	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.		
169			
170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	9999
171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	9999
178	STF terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 60 ^{±7} , 61 ^{±8} , 62, 65 to 67, 9999	60
179	STR terminal function selection		61
180	RL terminal function selection		0
181	RM terminal function selection		1
182	RH terminal function selection		2

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
190	RUN terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 80, 81, 90, 91, 93 *9, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 180, 181, 190, 191, 193 *9, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999 *10	0
192	A,B,C terminal function selection	99	
197	SO terminal function selection	80	
232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
239	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
240	Soft-PWM operation selection	0, 1	1
241	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	0
244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1
245	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	9999
246	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10s	0.5s
247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	9999
249	Earth (ground) fault detection at start	0, 1	0
250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	9999
251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1
255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	0
256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	100%
257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	100%
258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	100%
259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	0
260	PWM frequency automatic switchover	0, 1	0
261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	0
267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	0

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	9999
269	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.		
295	Magnitude of frequency change setting	0, 0.01, 0.10, 1.00, 10.00	0
296	Password lock level	1 to 6, 101 to 106, 9999	9999
297	Password lock/unlock	1000 to 9998 (0 to 5, 9999)	9999
298	Frequency search gain	0 to 32767, 9999	9999
299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	0
338	Communication operation command source	0, 1	0
339	Communication frequency command source	0, 1, 2	0
340	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 10	0
342	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	0
343	Communication error count	—	0
450	Second applied motor	0, 1, 9999	9999
495	Remote output selection	0, 1, 10, 11	0
496	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	0
502	Stop mode selection at communication error	0, 1, 2	0
503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	0
504	Maintenance timer alarm output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	9999
549	Protocol selection	0, 1	0
551	PU mode operation command source selection	2, 4, 9999	9999
555	Current average time	0.1 to 1s	1s
556	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0s
557	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A	Rated inverter current
561	PTC thermistor protection level	0.5 to 30kΩ, 9999	9999
563	Energization time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	0
564	Operating time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	0
571	Holding time at a start	0 to 10s, 9999	9999
575	Output interruption detection time	0 to 3600s, 9999	1s
576	Output interruption detection level	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
577	Output interruption cancel level	900 to 1100%	1000%
611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	9999
653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0
665	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	100
872 *6	Input phase loss protection selection	0, 1	0
882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	0

PARAMETER LIST

Pr.	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	400VDC/ 780VDC *5
885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10Hz, 9999	6Hz
886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	100%
888	Free parameter 1	0 to 9999	9999
889	Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	9999
891	Cumulative power monitor digit shifted times	0 to 4, 9999	9999
C1 (901) *4	AM terminal calibration	-	-
C2 (902) *4	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
C3 (902) *4	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0%
125 (903) *4	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C4 (903) *4	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	100%
C5 (904) *4	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
C6 (904) *4	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	20%
126 (905) *4	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C7 (905) *4	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	100%
C22 (922) *4	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.		
C23 (922) *4			
C24 (923) *4			
C25 (923) *4			
990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1
991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	58
Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	0
ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	0
Er.CL	Faults history clear	0, 1	0
Pr.CH	Initial value change list	—	—

- *1 Differ according to capacities.
6%: FR-D720-042 or lower, FR-D740-022 or lower, FR-D720S-042 or lower, FR-D710W-042 or lower
4%: FR-D720-070 to 165, FR-D740-036 to 080, FR-D720S-070 and 100
3%: FR-D720-238 and 318, FR-D740-120 and 160
- *2 Differ according to capacities.
5%: FR-D720-165 or lower, FR-D740-080 or lower, FR-D720S-008 to 100, FR-D710W-042 or lower
10%: FR-D720-238 and 318, FR-D740-120 and 160
- *3 Differ according to capacities.
6%: FR-D720-008 and 014, FR-D720S-008 and 014, FR-D710W-008 and 014
4%: FR-D720-025 to 318, FR-D740-012 to 160, FR-D720S-025 to 100, FR-D710W-025 and 042
- *4 The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (FR-PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07).
- *5 The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (100V, 200V class/400V class)
- *6 Available only for the three-phase power input model.
- *7 The setting value "60" is only available for Pr. 178.
- *8 The setting value "61" is only available for Pr. 179.
- *9 The setting value "93" and "193" are only available for Pr. 190 and Pr. 197.
- *10 The setting value "9999" is only available for Pr. 190 and Pr. 192.

7 TROUBLESHOOTING

When a fault occurs in the inverter, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to one of the following fault or alarm indications.

If the fault does not correspond to any of the following faults or if you have any other problem, please contact your sales representative.

- Retention of fault output signal .. When the magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side of the inverter is opened when a fault occurs, the inverter's control power will be lost and the fault output will not be held.
- Fault or alarm indication.....When a fault or alarm occurs, the operation panel display automatically switches to the fault or alarm indication.
- Resetting method.....When a fault occurs, the inverter output is kept stopped. Unless reset, therefore, the inverter cannot restart.
- When any fault occurs, take the appropriate corrective action, then reset the inverter, and resume operation.
Not doing so may lead to the inverter fault and damage.

Inverter fault or alarm indications are roughly categorized as below.

(1) Error message

A message regarding operational fault and setting fault by the operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU04 /FR-PU07) is displayed. The inverter does not trip.

(2) Warning

The inverter does not trip even when a warning is displayed. However, failure to take appropriate measures will lead to a fault.

(3) Alarm

The inverter does not trip. You can also output an alarm signal by making parameter setting.

(4) Fault

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and a fault signal is output.

REMARKS

- For the details of fault displays and other malfunctions, also  refer to the *Instruction Manual*.
- Past eight faults can be displayed using the setting dial.

7.1 Reset method of protective function

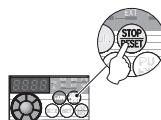
(1) Resetting the inverter

The inverter can be reset by performing any of the following operations. Note that the internal thermal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter.

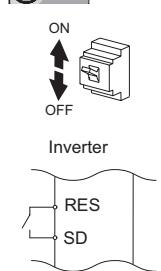
Inverter recovers about 1s after the reset is released.

Operation 1: Using the operation panel, press  to reset the inverter.

(This may only be performed when a fault occurs.)



Operation 2: Switch power OFF once. After the indicator of the operation panel turns OFF, switch it ON again.



Operation 3: Turn ON the reset signal (RES) for more than 0.1s. (If the RES signal is kept ON, "Err." appears (flickers) to indicate that the inverter is in a reset status.)



NOTE

- OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter fault with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.

7.2 List of fault or alarm indications

Operation Panel Indication		Name	Operation Panel Indication		Name
Error message	E---	E---	Faults history	E.ILF	E.ILF *
	HOLD	HOLD	Operation panel lock	E.OLR	E.OLT
	Er 1 to Er 4	Er1 to 4	Parameter write error	E.bE	E.BE
	LOCd	LOCD	Password locked	E.GF	E.GF
	Err.	Err.	Inverter reset	E.LF	E.LF
Warning	OL	OL	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	E.OHR	E.OHT
	oL	oL	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	E.PTC	E.PTC *
	rb	RB	Regenerative brake pre-alarm	E.PE	E.PE
	TH	TH	Electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm	E.PUE	E.PUE
	PS	PS	PU stop	E.RET	E.RET
Alarm	NR	MT	Maintenance signal output	E.S	E.5
	Uu	UV	Undervoltage	E.CPU	E.CPU
	SA	SA	Safety stop	E.CD0	E.CDO*
	Fn	FN	Fan alarm	E.IOH	E.IOH *
	E.OC1	E.OC1	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	E.AIE	E.AIE *
Fault	E.OC2	E.OC2	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	E.SAF	E.SAF *
	E.OC3	E.OC3	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop		
	E.Ov1	E.OV1	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration		
	E.Ov2	E.OV2	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed		
	E.Ov3	E.OV3	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop		
	E.THT	E.THT	Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal O/L relay function)		
	E.THM	E.THM	Motor overload trip (electronic thermal O/L relay function)		
	E.FIn	E.FIN	Heatsink overheat		

* If a fault occurs when using with the FR-PU04, "Fault 14" is displayed on the FR-PU04.

Appendix 1 Instructions for compliance with the EU Directives

The EU Directives are issued to standardize different national regulations of the EU Member States and to facilitate free movement of the equipment, whose safety is ensured, in the EU territory.

Since 1996, compliance with the EMC Directive that is one of the EU Directives has been legally required. Since 1997, compliance with the Low Voltage Directive, another EU Directive, has been also legally required. When a manufacturer confirms its equipment to be compliant with the EMC Directive and the Low Voltage Directive, the manufacturer must declare the conformity and affix the CE marking.

● The authorized representative in the EU

The authorized representative in the EU is shown below.

Name: Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V.

Address: Gothaer Strasse 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany

● Note

We declare that this inverter, when equipped with the dedicated EMC filter, conforms with the EMC Directive in industrial environments and affix the CE marking on the inverter.

When using the inverter in a residential area, take appropriate measures and ensure the conformity of the inverter used in the residential area.

(1) EMC Directive

We declare that this inverter, when equipped with the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter, conforms with the EMC Directive and affix the CE marking on the inverter (except the single-phase 100V power supply model).

- EMC Directive: 2004/108/EC
- Standard(s): EN61800-3:2004 (Second environment / PDS Category "C3")

Note: First environment

Environment including residential buildings. Includes building directly connected without a transformer to the low voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

Second environment

Environment including all buildings except buildings directly connected without a transformer to the lower voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

● Note

- * Set the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter to the inverter. Insert line noise filters and ferrite cores to the power and control cables as required.
- * Connect the inverter to an earthed power supply.
- * Install a motor, the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter, and a control cable according to the instructions written in the EMC Installation Guidelines (BCN-A21041-204).
- * The cable length between the inverter and the motor is 5m maximum.
- * Confirm that the final integrated system with the inverter conforms with the EMC Directive.

(2) Low Voltage Directive

We have self-confirmed our inverters as products compliant to the Low Voltage Directive (Conforming standard EN 61800-5-1) and affix the CE marking on the inverters.

Outline of instructions

- * Do not use an earth leakage circuit breaker as an electric shock protector without connecting the equipment to the earth. Connect the equipment to the earth securely.
- * Wire the earth (ground) terminal independently. (Do not connect two or more cables to one terminal.)
- * Use the cable sizes on *page 7* under the following conditions.
 - Surrounding air temperature: 40°C (104°F) maximum

If conditions are different from above, select appropriate wire according to EN60204 ANNEX C TABLE 5.

- * Use a tinned (plating should not include zinc) crimping terminal to connect the earth cable. When tightening the screw, be careful not to damage the threads.

For use as a product compliant with the Low Voltage Directive, use PVC cable on *page 7*.

- * Use the moulded case circuit breaker and magnetic contactor which conform to the EN or IEC Standard.
- * When using an earth leakage circuit breaker, use a residual current operated protective device (RCD) of type B (breaker which can detect both AC and DC). If not, provide double or reinforced insulation between the inverter and other equipment, or put a transformer between the main power supply and inverter.
- * Use the inverter under the conditions of overvoltage category II (usable regardless of the earth (ground) condition of the power supply), overvoltage category III (usable with the earthed-neutral system power supply, 400V class only) specified in IEC664.
 - To use the inverter under the conditions of pollution degree 3, install it in the enclosure of IP54 or higher.
 - To use the inverter outside of an enclosure in the environment of pollution degree 2, fix a fan cover with fan cover fixing screws enclosed.

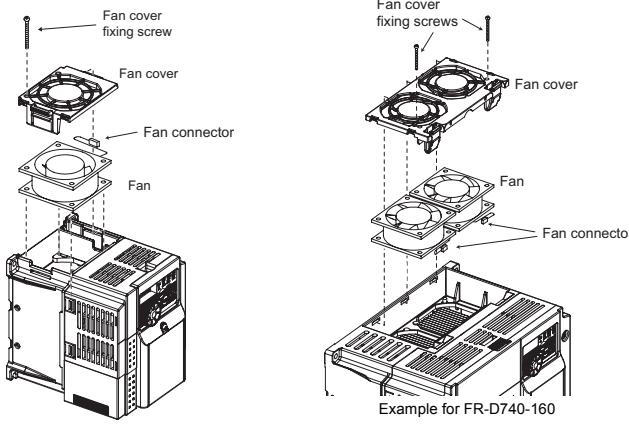
FR-D720-165 or lower

FR-D740-080 or lower

FR-D720S-070 and 100

FR-D720-238 or higher

FR-D740-120 or higher



Example for FR-D740-036

Example for FR-D740-160

Note, the protection structure of the Inverter units is considered to be an IP00.

- * On the input and output of the inverter, use cables of the type and size set forth in EN60204 Appendix C.
- * The operating capacity of the relay outputs (terminal symbols A, B, C) should be 30VDC, 0.3A. (Relay outputs are basically isolated from the inverter internal circuit.)
- * Control circuit terminals on *page 4* are safely isolated from the main circuit.
- * Environment

	Running	In Storage	During Transportation
Surrounding air temperature	-10°C to +50°C (14°F to 122°F)	-20°C to +65°C (-4°F to 149°F)	-20°C to +65°C (-4°F to 149°F)
Humidity	90% RH or less (non-condensing)	90% RH or less (non-condensing)	90% RH or less (non-condensing)
Maximum Altitude	1000m (3280.80 feet)	1000m (3280.80 feet)	10000m (32808.39 feet)

Details are given in the technical information "Low Voltage Directive Conformance Guide" (BCN-A21041-203). Please contact your sales representative.

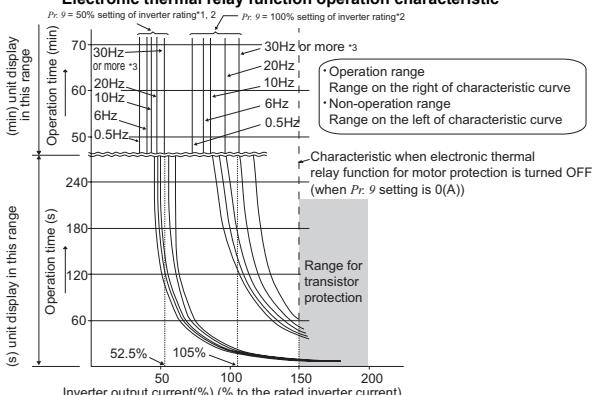
- * Select a UL and cUL certified fuse with Class T fuse equivalent cut-off speed or faster with the appropriate rating for branch circuit protection, or a UL489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) in accordance with the table below.

FR-D720-□□□-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100	165	238	318
240V or more									
Fuse Maximum allowable rating (A)*	Without power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	30	40	60	70
Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)	With power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	30	50	60	70
Maximum allowable rating (A)*									
FR-D740-□□□-NA	012	022	036	050	080	120	160		
480V or more									
Fuse Maximum allowable rating (A)*	Without power factor improving reactor	6	10	15	20	30	40	70	80
Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)	With power factor improving reactor	6	10	10	15	25	35	60	70
Maximum allowable rating (A)*		15	15	15	15	20	30	40	40
FR-D720S-□□□-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100			
240V or more									
Fuse Maximum allowable rating (A)*	Without power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	30	40	60		
Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)	With power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	20	30	50		
Maximum allowable rating (A)*		15	15	15	20	25	40		
FR-D710W-□□□-NA	008	014	025	042					
115V or more									
Fuse Maximum allowable rating (A)*	Without power factor improving reactor	20	20	40	60				
Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)	With power factor improving reactor	20	20	30	50				
Maximum allowable rating (A)*		15	15	25	40				

* Maximum allowable rating by US National Electrical Code. Exact size must be chosen for each installation.

- * When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to P_r 9 *Electronic thermal O/L relay*.

Electronic thermal relay function operation characteristic



This function detects the overload (overheat) of the motor, stops the operation of the inverter's output transistor, and stops the output.
(The operation characteristic is shown on the left.)

When using the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor:

- 1) Set "1" or any of "13", "50", "53" in P_r 71.
(This provides a 100% continuous torque characteristic in the low-speed range.)
- 2) Set the rated current of the motor in P_r 9.

*1 When 50% of the inverter rated output current (current value) is set in P_r 9

*2 The % value denotes the percentage to the inverter rated output current. It is not the percentage to the motor rated current.

*3 When you set the electronic thermal relay function dedicated to the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor, this characteristic curve applies to operation at 6Hz or higher.



Note

- The internal thermal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function is reset by inverter power reset and reset signal input. Avoid unnecessary reset and power-OFF.
- Install an external thermal relay (OCR) between the inverter and a motor when operating several motors by one inverter, or when using a multi-pole motor or specialized motor. In this case, set 0A to the electronic thermal O/L relay setting of the inverter. For the external thermal relay, determine the setting value in consideration of the current indicated on the motor's rating plate and the line-to-line leakage current. Self-cooling ability of a motor is reduced at low speed operation. Use a motor with a built-in thermal protector.
- When the difference between the inverter and motor capacities is large and the setting is small, the protective characteristics of the electronic thermal relay function will be deteriorated. In this case, use an external thermal relay.
- A special motor cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Use the external thermal relay.

* Short circuit current ratings

- 100V class
Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 5 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 132 V Maximum.
- 200V class
Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 5 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 264 V Maximum.
- 400V class
Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 5 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 528 V Maximum.

Appendix 2 Instructions for UL and cUL

(Standard to comply with: UL 508C, CSA C22.2 No. 14)

1. General Precaution

The bus capacitor discharge time is 10 minutes. Before starting wiring or inspection, switch power off, wait for more than 10 minutes, and check for residual voltage between terminal P/+ and N/- with a meter etc., to avoid a hazard of electrical shock.

2. Environment

Before installation, check that the environment meets following specifications.

		enclosure
Surrounding Air Temperature*	-10°C to + 50°C (non-freezing)	
Ambient humidity	90%RH or less (non-condensing)	
Storage temperature	-20°C to + 65°C	
Ambience	Indoors (No corrosive and flammable gases, oil mist, dust and dirt.)	
Altitude, vibration	Below 1000m, 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)	

* Surrounding Air Temperature is a temperature measured at a measurement position in an enclosure. Ambient Temperature is a temperature outside an enclosure.

3. Installation

The below types of inverter have been approved as products for use in enclosure and approval tests were conducted under the following conditions. Design the enclosure so that the surrounding air temperature, humidity and ambience of the inverter will satisfy the specifications.

Wiring protection

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code for the U.S. or the Canadian Electrical Code for Canada and any additional codes. As specified, UL Class T fuses or any faster acting fuse with the appropriate rating or Listed UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be employed. (Refer to page 23.)

4. Short circuit ratings

• 100V class

Suitable For Use In A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 100 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 132 V Maximum.

• 200V class

Suitable For Use In A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 100 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 264 V Maximum.

• 400V class

Suitable For Use In A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 100 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 528 V Maximum.

5. Wiring

For wiring the input (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) and output (U, V, W) terminals of the inverter, use the UL Listed copper, stranded wires (rated at 75°C(167°F) and round crimping terminals. Crimp the crimping terminals with the crimping tool recommended by the terminal maker.

6. Motor overload protection

When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to *Pr. 9 "Electronic thermal O/L relay"*. (Refer to page 23.)

REMARKS

- Safety stop function is not certified by UL.

REVISIONS

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Date	Manual Number	Revision
Sep. 2008	IB-0600367ENG-A	First edition
Oct. 2008	IB-0600367ENG-B	<input type="checkbox"/> Addition • FR-D710W-008 to 042-NA
Jun. 2009	IB-0600367ENG-C	<input type="checkbox"/> Addition • Setting values "81, 181" of <i>Pr.190 and Pr.192 (Output terminal function selection)</i> • <i>Pr. 197 SO terminal function selection</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Partial modification • Initial value of <i>Pr. 122 PU communication check time interval</i> • Appendix 1 Instructions for compliance with the EU Directives • Appendix 2 Instructions for UL and cUL
Mar. 2012	IB-0600367ENG-D	<input type="checkbox"/> Modification • Rating plate

**For Maximum Safety**

- Mitsubishi inverters are not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to prevent serious accidents when it is used in facilities where breakdowns of the product are likely to cause a serious accident.
- Please do not use this product for loads other than three-phase induction motors.

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■ When playing this CD-ROM on Windows OS

- ♦ Operating environment
- The following system is required to read instruction manuals contained in this CD-ROM.

Item	Specifications
OS	Microsoft Windows 95 OSR 2.0, Windows 98 Second Edition, Windows Millennium Edition, Windows NT 4.0 with Service Pack 6, Windows 2000 with Service Pack 2, Windows XP Professional or Home Edition, Windows XP Tablet PC Edition
CPU	Intel Pentium processor
Memory	64MB of RAM
Hard disk	24MB of available hard-disk space
CD-ROM drive	Double speed or more (more than quadruple speed is recommended)
Monitor	800x600 dot or more
Application	Acrobat Reader 4.05 or more

- ♦ Operating method of this CD-ROM

How to read instruction manuals

- Step 1. Start Windows and place this CD-ROM in the CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2. "FR-D700 series documents" PDF automatically opens.
- Step 3. Click a manual you want to read in the "INSTRUCTION MANUAL" list.
- Step 4. PDF manual you clicked opens.

* Manual opening of this CD-ROM

- Step 1. Start Windows and place this CD-ROM in the CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2. Select a CD-ROM drive (example: D drive) of "My computer" and click the right mouse button. Then, click "open" in the context menu.
- Step 3. Open "INDEX.PDF" in the opened folder.
- Step 4. "FR-D700 series documents" PDF opens. Operates according to the steps from "Step 3" of "How to read instruction manuals"

- PDF data of the instruction manual are stored in "MANUAL" folder on this CD-ROM.

HEADQUARTERS		EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES		EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES		EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES	
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC	EUROPE	GEVA	AUSTRIA	MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC	IRELAND	Beijer Electronics AB	SWEDEN
EUROPE B.V.		Wiener Straße 89		EUROPE B.V.-Irish Branch		Box 426	
German Branch		A-2500 Baden		Westgate Business Park		S-20123 Malmö	
Gothaer Straße 8		Phone: +43 (0) 2252 / 85 55 20		Ballymount		Phone: +46 (0) 40 / 35 86 00	
D-40880 Ratingen		Fax: +43 (0) 2252 / 488 60		IRL-Dublin 24		Fax: +46 (0) 40 / 93 23 02	
Phone: +49 (0) 21 02 / 486-0		e mail: office@geva.co.at		Phone: +353 (0) 1 / 419 88 00		e mail: _____	
Hotline: +49 2102 1805 000-765/-766				Fax: +353 (0) 1 / 419 88 90			
Fax: +49 (0) 21 02 / 4 86-1 12 0				e mail: info@meuk.mee.com			
e mail: megfa-mail@meg.mee.com							
www.mitsubishi-automation.com							
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC	FRANCE	Getronics b.v.	BELGIUM	ALFATRADE LTD.	MALTA	ECONOTEC AG	SWITZERLAND
FRANCE		Control Systems		99 Paola Hill		Postfach 282	
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